REPORT OF THE AUDIT OF THE FLEMING COUNTY SHERIFF

For The Year Ended December 31, 2007



CRIT LUALLEN AUDITOR OF PUBLIC ACCOUNTS

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EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

AUDIT EXAMINATION OF THE FLEMING COUNTY SHERIFF

For The Year Ended December 31, 2007

The Auditor of Public Accounts has completed the Fleming County Sheriff's audit for the year ended December 31, 2007. Based upon the audit work performed, the financial statement presents fairly, in all material respects, the revenues, expenditures, and excess fees in conformity with the regulatory basis of accounting.

Financial Condition:

Excess fees increased by \$37,801 from the prior year, resulting in excess fees of \$41,966 as of December 31, 2007. Revenues increased by \$31,935 from the prior year and expenditures decreased by \$5,866.

Debt Obligation:

Capital lease principal totaled \$20,412 as of December 31, 2007. Future payments of \$20,412 are needed to meet this obligation.

Report Comment:

• The Sheriff's Office Lacks Adequate Segregation Of Duties Over Receipts And Disbursements

Deposits:

The Sheriff's deposits were insured and collateralized by bank securities.

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The Honorable Larry Foxworthy, Fleming County Judge/Executive The Honorable Scotty Royse, Fleming County Sheriff Members of the Fleming County Fiscal Court

Independent Auditor's Report

We have audited the accompanying statement of revenues, expenditures, and excess fees regulatory basis of the Sheriff of Fleming County, Kentucky, for the year ended December 31, 2007. This financial statement is the responsibility of the Sheriff. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on this financial statement based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, and the Audit Guide for County Fee Officials issued by the Auditor of Public Accounts, Commonwealth of Kentucky. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statement is free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statement. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

As described in Note 1, the Sheriff's office prepares the financial statement on a regulatory basis of accounting that demonstrates compliance with the laws of Kentucky, which is a comprehensive basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

In our opinion, the financial statement referred to above presents fairly, in all material respects, the revenues, expenditures, and excess fees of the Sheriff for the year ended December 31, 2007, in conformity with the regulatory basis of accounting described in Note 1.

In accordance with <u>Government Auditing Standards</u>, we have also issued our report dated June 6, 2008 on our consideration of the Fleming County Sheriff's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with <u>Government Auditing</u> Standards and should be considered in assessing the results of our audit.



The Honorable Larry Foxworthy, Fleming County Judge/Executive The Honorable Scotty Royse, Fleming County Sheriff Members of the Fleming County Fiscal Court

Based on the results of our audit, we have presented the accompanying comment and recommendation, included herein, which discusses the following report comment:

• The Sheriff's Office Lacks Adequate Segregation Of Duties Over Receipts And Disbursements

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the Sheriff and Fiscal Court of Fleming County, Kentucky, and the Commonwealth of Kentucky and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these interested parties.

Respectfully submitted,

Crit Luallen

Auditor of Public Accounts

June 6, 2008

25,065 159,898

604,861

FLEMING COUNTY SCOTTY ROYSE, SHERIFF STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND EXCESS FEES - REGULATORY BASIS

For The Year Ended December 31, 2007

Revenues			
Federal Grant			\$ 38,569
State - Kentucky Law Enforcement Foundation Program Fund (KLE)	FPF)		24,128
Board of Education			26,820
State Fees For Services: Finance and Administration Cabinet Transporting Prisoners Sheriff Security Service	\$	8,651 2,130 10,385	21,166
Circuit Court Clerk: Fines and Fees Collected Court Ordered Payments		2,999 575	3,574
Fiscal Court			82,797
County Clerk - Delinquent Taxes			3,069
Commission On Taxes Collected			167,778
Other Fees On Tax Collections: Add-on Fees Advertising Fees		25,805 830	26,635
Fees Collected For Services: Auto Inspections Accident and Police Reports Serving Papers Carrying Concealed Deadly Weapon Permits		4,538 229 32,706 2,495	39,968
Other: Surplus Property Proceeds Vehicle Damage Reimbursement Miscellaneous		4,835 3,964 905	9,704
Interest Earned			755
Borrowed Money: State Advancement		134,833	

Bank Note

Total Revenues

FLEMING COUNTY

SCOTTY ROYSE, SHERIFF

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND EXCESS FEES - REGULATORY BASIS For The Year Ended December 31, 2007 (Continued)

Expenditures

Operating Expenditures and Capital Outlay:				
Personnel Services-				
Deputies' Salaries	\$ 189,074			
Other Salaries - KLEFPF	15,319			
Employee Benefits-				
Employer's Share Social Security	2,995			
Workers Compensation and Unemployment	2,882			
Employer's Share Hazardous Duty Retirement	18,798			
Employer Paid Health Insurance	3,163			
Contracted Services-				
Advertising	440			
Vehicle Maintenance and Repairs	11,723			
Communications	6,134			
Materials and Supplies-				
Office Materials and Supplies	7,484			
Uniforms	6,518			
Auto Expense-				
Gasoline	20,209			
Other Charges-				
Transporting Prisoners	1,487			
Jury Meals	48			
Postage	4,363			
Fiscal Court Fees	6,715			
Training	476			
Carrying Concealed Deadly Weapon Permits	40			
Miscellaneous	905			
Capital Outlay-				
Office Equipment	11,688			
Vehicles	25,416	\$ 335,877		
Debt Service:				
State Advancement	134,833			
Bank Note	25,065			
Interest	 23,005	 160,133		
Total Expenditures			_\$_	496,010

FLEMING COUNTY

SCOTTY ROYSE, SHERIFF

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND EXCESS FEES - REGULATORY BASIS For The Year Ended December 31, 2007 (Continued)

Net Revenues		\$	108,851
Less: Statutory Maximum			66,038
			_
Excess Fees			42,813
Less: Training Incentive Benefit			847
			_
Excess Fees Due County for 2007			41,966
Payments to Fiscal Court - February 12, 2008 \$	30,000		
June 3, 2008	11,966		41,966
		ф	0
Balance Due Fiscal Court at Completion of Audit		\$	0

FLEMING COUNTY NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENT

December 31, 2007

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

A. Fund Accounting

A fee official uses a fund to report on the results of operations. A fund is a separate accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts. Fund accounting is designed to demonstrate legal compliance and to aid financial management by segregating transactions related to certain government functions or activities.

A fee official uses a fund for fees to account for activities for which the government desires periodic determination of the excess of revenues over expenditures to facilitate management control, accountability, and compliance with laws.

B. Basis of Accounting

KRS 64.820 directs the fiscal court to collect any amount, including excess fees, due from the Sheriff as determined by the audit. KRS 134.310 requires the Sheriff to settle excess fees with the fiscal court at the time he files his final settlement with the fiscal court.

The financial statement has been prepared on a regulatory basis of accounting, which demonstrates compliance with the laws of Kentucky and is a comprehensive basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Under this regulatory basis of accounting revenues and expenditures are generally recognized when cash is received or disbursed with the exception of accrual of the following items (not all-inclusive) at December 31 that may be included in the excess fees calculation:

- Interest receivable
- Collection on accounts due from others for 2007 services
- Reimbursements for 2007 activities
- Tax commissions due from December tax collections
- Payments due other governmental entities for payroll
- Payments due vendors for goods or services provided in 2007

The measurement focus of a fee official is upon excess fees. Remittance of excess fees is due to the County Treasurer in the subsequent year.

C. Cash and Investments

At the direction of the fiscal court, KRS 66.480 authorizes the Sheriff's office to invest in the following, including but not limited to, obligations of the United States and of its agencies and instrumentalities, obligations and contracts for future delivery or purchase of obligations backed by the full faith and credit of the United States, obligations of any corporation of the United States government, bonds or certificates of indebtedness of this state, and certificates of deposit issued by or other interest-bearing accounts of any bank or savings and loan institution which are insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) or which are collateralized, to the extent uninsured, by any obligation permitted by KRS 41.240(4).

FLEMING COUNTY NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENT December 31, 2007 (Continued)

Note 2. Employee Retirement System

The county officials and employees have elected to participate in the County Employees Retirement System (CERS), pursuant to KRS 78.530 administered by the Board of Trustees of the Kentucky Retirement Systems. This is a cost-sharing, multiple-employer, defined benefit pension plan that covers all eligible full-time employees and provides for retirement, disability, and death benefits to plan members.

Benefit contributions and provisions are established by statute. Nonhazardous covered employees are required to contribute 5.0 percent of their salary to the plan. The county's contribution rate for nonhazardous employees was 13.19 percent for the first six months and 16.17 percent for the last six months of the year. Hazardous covered employees are required to contribute 8 percent of their salary to the plan. The county's contribution rate for hazardous employees was 28.21 percent for the first six months and 33.87 percent for the last six months of the year.

Benefits fully vest on reaching five years of service for nonhazardous employees. Aspects of benefits for nonhazardous employees include retirement after 27 years of service or age 65. Aspects of benefits for hazardous employees include retirement after 20 years of service or age 55.

Historical trend information pertaining to CERS' progress in accumulating sufficient assets to pay benefits when due is presented in the Kentucky Retirement Systems' annual financial report which is a matter of public record. This report may be obtained by writing the Kentucky Retirement Systems, 1260 Louisville Road, Frankfort, Kentucky 40601-6124, or by telephone at (502) 564-4646.

Note 3. Deposits

The Fleming County Sheriff maintained deposits of public funds with depository institutions insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) as required by KRS 66.480(1)(d). According to KRS 41.240(4), the depository institution should pledge or provide sufficient collateral which, together with FDIC insurance, equals or exceeds the amount of public funds on deposit at all times. In order to be valid against the FDIC in the event of failure or insolvency of the depository institution, this pledge or provision of collateral should be evidenced by an agreement between the Sheriff and the depository institution, signed by both parties, that is (a) in writing, (b) approved by the board of directors of the depository institution or its loan committee, which approval must be reflected in the minutes of the board or committee, and (c) an official record of the depository institution.

Custodial Credit Risk - Deposits

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a depository institution failure, the Sheriff's deposits may not be returned. The Fleming County Sheriff does not have a deposit policy for custodial credit risk but rather follows the requirements of KRS 41.240(4). As of December 31, 2007, all deposits were covered by FDIC insurance or a properly executed collateral security agreement.

FLEMING COUNTY NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENT December 31, 2007 (Continued)

Note 4. Drug Forfeiture Account

The Sheriff's Office maintains a drug forfeiture account. This account is funded by proceeds from the confiscation, surrender, or sale of real and personal property involved in a drug related conviction. Funds totaling \$184 were transferred from the former Sheriff to the current Sheriff in August 2007. The drug forfeiture account earned \$1 in interest during the year. There were no disbursements. As of December 31, 2007, the ending balance was \$185.

Note 5. Violence Against Women Act Grant

The Sheriff's office was awarded a Violence Against Women Act Grant from the United States Department of Justice in the amount of \$38,569. During 2007, the Sheriff's office received \$38,569 as reimbursement for allowable payroll expenditures. As of December 31, 2007, no funding remained under the grant.

Note 6. Lease

On May 4, 2007, Fleming County Fiscal Court entered into a lease agreement with the Kentucky Association of Counties Leasing Trust on behalf of the Sheriff's Office to purchase a Ford Explorer. The lease is for \$21,527 at an interest rate of 4.529% per annum. Payments are due by the 20th of each month and are paid by the Sheriff's office. The principal outstanding as of December 31, 2007, was \$20,412. Future principal and interest requirements are:

Year Ending	Scheduled		Scheduled		
December 31	Interest Pri		rincipal		
2008	\$	827	\$	4,607	
2009		551		4,852	
2010		350		5,110	
2011		137		5,382	
2012		2		461	
				_	
Totals	\$	1,867	\$	20,412	

REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENT PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS



CRIT LUALLEN AUDITOR OF PUBLIC ACCOUNTS

The Honorable Larry Foxworthy, Fleming County Judge/Executive The Honorable Scotty Royse, Fleming County Sheriff Members of the Fleming County Fiscal Court

> Report On Internal Control Over Financial Reporting And On Compliance And Other Matters Based On An Audit Of The Financial Statement Performed In Accordance With Government Auditing Standards

We have audited the statement of revenues, expenditures, and excess fees - regulatory basis of the Fleming County Sheriff for the year ended December 31, 2007, and have issued our report thereon dated June 6, 2008. The Sheriff's financial statement is prepared in accordance with a basis of accounting other than generally accepted accounting principles. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in <u>Government Auditing Standards</u> issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered the Fleming County Sheriff's internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Sheriff's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Sheriff's internal control over financial reporting.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the preceding paragraph and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that might be significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. However as discussed below, we identified a certain deficiency in internal control over financial reporting that we consider to be a significant deficiency.

A control deficiency exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect misstatements on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a control deficiency, or combination of control deficiencies, that adversely affects the entity's ability to initiate, authorize, record, process, or report financial data reliably in accordance with the regulatory basis of accounting which is a basis of accounting other than generally accepted accounting principles such that there is more than a remote likelihood that a misstatement of the entity's financial statement that is more than inconsequential will not be prevented or detected by the entity's internal control over financial reporting. We consider the deficiency described in the accompanying comment and recommendation to be a significant deficiency in internal control over financial reporting.

• The Sheriff's Office Lacks Adequate Segregation Of Duties Over Receipts And Disbursements



Report On Internal Control Over Financial Reporting And On Compliance And Other Matters Based On An Audit Of The Financial Statement Performed In Accordance With Government Auditing Standards (Continued)

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting (Continued)

A material weakness is a significant deficiency, or combination of significant deficiencies, that results in more than a remote likelihood that a material misstatement of the financial statement will not be prevented or detected by the entity's internal control. Our consideration of the internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in the internal control that might be significant deficiencies and, accordingly, would not necessarily disclose all significant deficiencies that are also considered to be material weaknesses. However, we do not believe the significant deficiency described above is a material weakness.

Compliance And Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Fleming County Sheriff's financial statement for the year ended December 31, 2007, is free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under <u>Government Auditing Standards</u>.

The Fleming County Sheriff's response to the finding identified in our audit is included in the accompanying comment and recommendation. We did not audit the Sheriff's response and, accordingly, we express no opinion on it.

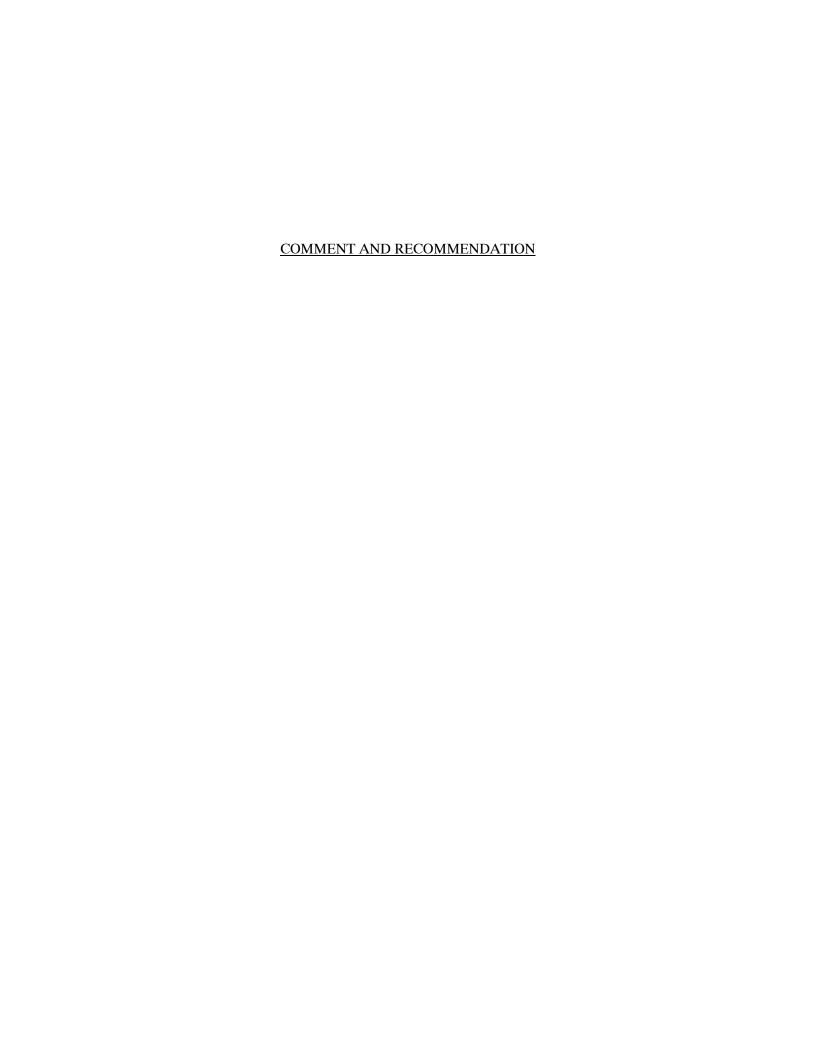
This report is intended solely for the information and use of management, the Fleming County Fiscal Court, and the Department for Local Government and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Respectfully submitted,

Crit Luallen

Auditor of Public Accounts

June 6, 2008



FLEMING COUNTY SCOTTY ROYSE, SHERIFF COMMENT AND RECOMMENDATION

For The Year Ended December 31, 2007

INTERNAL CONTROL - SIGNIFICANT DEFICIENCY:

The Sheriff's Office Lacks Adequate Segregation Of Duties Over Receipts And Disbursements

The Sheriff's office lacks adequate segregation of duties. All deputies are allowed to collect receipts. The bookkeeper prepares the daily checkout sheets, prepares and makes the daily bank deposits, reconciles the bank statements to the ledgers and prepares and mails all checks for expenditures. The Sheriff reviews disbursements and signs checks. Good internal controls dictate the same employee should not handle, record and reconcile receipts and disbursements. The Sheriff should segregate duties so the same employee does not handle, record, and reconcile receipts and disbursements, or he should implement the following steps to strengthen internal controls over receipts and disbursements:

- The Sheriff should periodically compare the daily bank deposit to the daily checkout sheet and then compare the daily checkout sheet to the receipts ledger. Differences should be reconciled. The Sheriff could document his comparison by initialing the bank deposit, daily checkout sheet, and receipts ledger.
- The Sheriff should reconcile monthly reports to source documents and to the receipts and disbursements ledgers. The Sheriff could document his reconciliation by initialing monthly reports, source documents and the receipts and disbursements ledgers.
- The Sheriff should periodically compare the bank reconciliation to the balance in the checkbook. Differences should be reconciled. The Sheriff could document his comparison by initialing the bank reconciliation and the balance in the checkbook.

Sheriff's Response:

I have hired a clerk to help with dividing the duties in the office.